

Seat No.	
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B.A. (Part - III) (Semester - VI) Examination, March - 2018

ECONOMICS (Special Paper - XV)

Economics of Planning (New)

Sub. Code : 65734

Day and Date : Tuesday, 27 - 03 - 2018

Total Marks : 40

Time : 03.00 p.m. to 05.00 p.m.

- Instructions :**
- 1) All questions are compulsory.
 - 2) Neat diagrams be drawn where it is necessary.
 - 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Complete the following sentences by choosing correct alternatives [5]

- i) The development plan of a particular region determined on the basis of the requirement of that region is known as _____ plan.
 - a) Micro
 - b) Regional
 - c) Capitalistic
 - d) None of these
- ii) The duration of first five year plan in India is _____
 - a) 1951-1956
 - b) 1961-1966
 - c) 2007-2012
 - d) 2002-2007
- iii) the _____ is the deputy chairman of the NITI Ayog.
 - a) Rajnath sing
 - b) Arun Jetaly
 - c) Arvind Pangaria
 - d) Nitin Gadkari
- iv) The technology of the production in which more capital used is known as _____ production technique.
 - a) Labour-intensive
 - b) Capital intensive
 - c) Land-intensive
 - d) Non of these.
- v) _____ was the first economist to advocate a "Rolling plan" for developing countries.
 - a) Myrdal
 - b) Keynes
 - c) Adam smith
 - d) Karl marx

Q2) Write short notes (any three)

[15]

- i) Capital Intensive technique
- ii) Features of Input - output analysis.
- iii) Objectives of planning in India
- iv) Types of capital output Ratio
- v) Regional planning.

Q.3) Write detail answers of the following questions (any two)

[20]

- i) Explain the meaning of Economic planning and types of economic planning.
- ii) Explain the achievements and failure of Indian planning.
- iii) Explain the meaning of labour intensive technique of production and state it's merits.

मराठी रूपांतर

सूचना :

- 1) सर्व प्रश्न आवश्यक आहेत.
- 2) योग्य तेथे सुबक आकृत्या काढा.
- 3) उजवीकडील अंक पूर्ण गुण दर्शवितात.

प्र.1) योग्य पर्याय निवडून खालील वाक्ये पूर्ण करा.

[5]

- i) विशिष्ट प्रदेशातील लोकांच्या गरजा लक्षात घेऊन विकासाचे जे नियोजन केले जाते त्यास नियोजन म्हणतात.

अ) सुक्ष्म	ब) प्रादेशिक
क) भांडवलशाही	ड) यापैकी नाही.
- ii) भारताच्या पहिल्या पंचवार्षिक योजनेचा कालावधी आहे.

अ) 1951-1956	ब) 1961-1966
क) 2007-2012	ड) 2002-2007

