

Seat No.:	

# MARCH - 2022 (Summer session) Examination

(विध्यार्थ्यांनी हा विषय कोड OMR वर लिहावा / Student should fill this code on OMR sheet)

Subject Name: Bachelor of Computer Application\_66423\_66423 - Data Mining and Data

Warehousing\_26.07.2022\_10.00 AM (Park - III, Sem - VI)

Date: 26-07-2022

Time: 10:00:00 to 11:00:00

QP Code: 8978QP

Total Marks: 50 Each Question 2 Marks, Total 25 Ques, Duration 1 Hr

### 1. Adaptive system management is-

- a. It uses machine-learning techniques. Here program can learn from past experience and adapt themselves to new situations
- c. cience of making machines performs tasks that would require intelligence when performed by humans
- b. Computational procedure that takes some value as input and produces some value as output.
- d. None of these

## 2. Bayesian classifiers is-

- a. A class of learning algorithm that tries to find an optimum classification of a set of examples using the probabilistic theory.
- c. An approach to the design of learning algorithms that is inspired by the fact that when people encounter new situations, they often explain them by reference to familiar experiences, adapting the explanations to fit the new situation.
- b. Any mechanism employed by a learning system to constrain the search space of a hypothesis.
- d. None of these

# 3. Cluster is-

- a. Group of similar objects that differ significantly from other objects
- c. Symbolic representation of facts or ideas from which information can potentially be extracted
- b. Operations on a database to transform or simplify data in order to prepare it for a machine-learning algorithm
- d. None of these

#### 4. Data selection is-

- a. The actual discovery phase of a knowledge discovery process
- c. A subject-oriented integrated time variant non-volatile collection of data in support of management
- b. The stage of selecting the right data for a KDD process
- d. None of these

### 5. Classification task referred to-

- a. A subdivision of a set of examples into a number of classes
- b. A measure of the accuracy, of the classification of a concept that is given by a certain theory

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c. The task of assigning a classification to a set of examples	d. None of these
6. An essential process used for applying intelligent method	
a. Data Mining	b. Data Analysis
c. Data Implementation	d. Data Computation b. Data analysis
	Krantiveer
7. Classification and regression are the properties of	Was and
a. Data manipulation	b. Data analysis
c. Data mining	d. None of these
8. Strategic value of data mining is	h Technical sensitive
a. Cost sensitive	b. Technical sensitive
c. Time sensitive	d. Design sensitive
O Among the followings which is not a characteristic of De-	4- W1
<ul><li>9. Among the followings which is not a characteristic of Data. Integrated</li></ul>	
c. Time -Varient	b. Volatile
c. Time-varient	d. Subject-Oriented
10. Which is the the incorrect answer regarding OLAP?	
a. OLAP is used for multidimensional analysis	b. OLAP tools do Not provide a
	DSS capability
c. OLAP for the warehouse provides analytical power	d. All of the above
11 Information Visualization techniques is / are	
11. Information Visualization techniques is/ are a. Pie Chart	1.1.0
c. Flow Chart	b. Line Chart
c. Flow Chart	d. All of the Above
12. Star schema is a in the middle connected to a nu	mber of dimension tables
a. Without a object	b. Single object
c. Two objects	d. Multiple objects
	an initiatiple objects
13. A logical subset of a complete data warehouse is called a	s
a. Data Dictionary	b. Data mart
c. Snowflake schema	d. Both a and b
14. R functionality is divided into a number of	
a. Packages	b. Functions
c. Domains	d. Classes
15. What are the benefits of data visualization?	
a. Better analysis	b. Identifying patterns
c. Exploring business insights	d. All of the Above
16. What is the meaning of the following R function? $x <- c(4 as.factor(x))$	1, 5, 1, 2, 3, 3, 4, 4, 5, 6) x <-

a. x becomes a factor b. x is a factor c. x does not exist d. x is not a vector 17. Which of the following statements is incorrect about the hierarchal clustering? b. The choice of an appropriate a. The hierarchal type of clustering is also known as the HCA metric can influence the shape of the cluster c. In general, the splits and merges both are determined in a greedy d. All of the above manner 18. Multiple Regression means b. Data are modeled using a a. Data are modeled using a straight line curve line d. Extension of linear regression c. Extension of linear regression involving only one predicator Krantiveer Pen involving more than one value predicator value 19. R has how many atomic classes of objects? a. 1 b. 2 c. 3 d. 5 Which statement is true about the K-Means algorithm? b. The output attribute must be a. All attribute values must be categorical. cateogrical. d. All attributes must be c. Attribute values may be either categorical or numeric. numeric. 21. Which of the following is finally produced by Hierarchical Clustering? b. Tree showing how close a. Final estimate of cluster centroids things are to each other c. Assignment of each point to clusters d. All of the mentioned 22. ..... approach is best when we are interested in finding all possible interactions among a set of attributes. a. Decision tree b. Association rules c. K-Means algorithm d. Genetic learning 23. Which of the following is the collection of data objects that are similar to one another within the same group? a. Partitioning b. Grid c. Cluster d. Table 24. A Business Intelligence system requires data from: a. Data warehouse b. Operational systems c. Database servers. d. All of the above

25. Which of the process includes data cleaning, data integration, data selection, data transformation, data mining, pattern evolution and knowledge presentation?

a. KDD process

b. ETL process

c. KTL process

d. None of these



