

Seat No.

Total Pages: 04



Shivaji University, Kolhapur Examination, June 2022

Kamala College, Kolhapur

B.C.A (Part-I) (Semester – II)

Mathematical Foundation for computer application.

Sub Code: 80872

Day and Date: Saturday, 02/07/2022

Total Marks: 70

Time: 10:30 am to 1 : 30 pm

**Instruction**

- 1) Que. 1 and Que. 6 are compulsory.
- 2) Attempt any three Questions from Que. No. 2 to Que. No. 5
- 3) Figure to the right indicate marks.

Q.1) A] Select the correct alternative for the each of the following.

[10]

i)  $(A \cup B) \cap (A \cup B')$  is equal to .....

a)  $A \cup B$     b)  $A \cap B$     c) A    d) B

ii) Let P : 7 is not greater than 4, and Q : Paris is in France Then  $\sim (p \vee q)$  is the statement.

- a) 7 is greater than 4 or Paris is not in France.
- b) 7 is not greater than 4 and or Paris is not in France.
- c) 7 is not greater than 4 or Paris is not in France.
- d) 7 is greater than 4 and Paris is not in France.

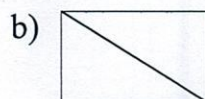
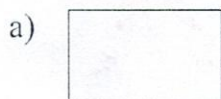
iii) If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $A \cdot (\text{adj } A) = KI$  then the value of K is ....

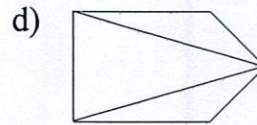
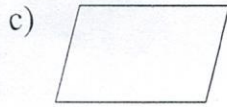
a) 2            b) -2            c) 10            d) -10

iv) Number of edges in  $k_5$  is .....

a) 5            b) 10            c) 15            d) 25

v) Which of the following graphs is complete?





vi) If  $A = \{2n/n \in N\}$  and  $B = \{2^n/n \in N\}$  then,

- a)  $A \subseteq B$                       b)  $B \subseteq A$   
c)  $A = B$                         d)  $n(A) = n(B)$

vii) Which one of the following is a compound proposition?

- a) It is raining                      b) Sun is not shining  
c) Roses are red                    d) None of these

viii) The value of  $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \end{vmatrix}$  is....

- a) 1                      b) 7                      c) 9                      d) 2

ix) The symbols  $\wedge, \vee, \rightarrow$  and  $\leftrightarrow$  are called...

- a) proposition                      b) connectives  
c) Statements                      d) None of these

x) Let  $A = \{a, b\}$  and  $B = \{x, y, z\}$  then number of elements in  $A \times B$  is...

- a) 2                      b) 3                      c) 6                      d) 5

B] Solve any Two of the following.

[10]

i) Define disjoint sets with an illustration By Venn diagram shade the following sets

- i)  $(A \cup B)'$   
ii)  $(A - B) \cup (B - A)$

ii) Test whether the following statements are true or false.

- a) There exists a 3 regular graph on nine vertices  
b) Every closed walk is a cycle  
c) In any complete graph  $K_n$ , number of edges is equal to  $\frac{n(n-1)}{2}$   
d) Every complete graph is regular

e) In any graph, the sum of the degrees of all the vertices is equal to twice the number of edges.

iii) If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 3 \\ 3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $B = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & 3 \\ 3 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$  Find  $|A|$  and  $|B|$ , and show that  $AB$  is a non-singular matrix.

Que 2) a) Define inverse of a matrix. Show that the inverse of matrix, exists and find its inverse by elementary row transformation.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

b) State De-Morgan's laws.

If  $p$  and  $q$  are true and  $r$  and  $s$  are false statements, find the truth value of the following statements

i)  $(p \vee q) \wedge r$

ii)  $p \vee (r \rightarrow s)$

iii)  $(p \wedge s) \leftrightarrow (q \vee r)$

iv)  $\sim (p \vee \sim r) \wedge (\sim q \wedge r)$

[10]

Que. 3) a) Define a finite set.

If  $A$  and  $B$  are subsets of the universal set  $x$ , and  $n(x) = 50$ ,  $n(A) = 35$ ,

$n(B) = 20$  and  $n(A \cap B) = 10$  find

i)  $n(A \cup B)$

ii)  $n(A' \cap B')$

iii)  $n(A' \cap B)$

iv)  $n(A \cap B')$

b) What is a graph

Define the following terms with examples.

i) multigraph

ii) pseudograph

[10]

Que. 4) a) Define : Transpose of a matrix If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$  then show that

$$A^2 - 5A - 2I = 0 \text{ Where } I \text{ is unit matrix.}$$

b) What is length of a string in computer representation of sets

Let  $U = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10\}$



And  $A = \{1, 3, 5, 7, 9\}$ ,  $B = \{5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$

And  $C = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$  what bit string represent.

i)  $A \cup B$     ii)  $C'$     iii)  $A - B$     iv)  $A + B$  [10]

Que. 5) a) Define the terms path and cycle in graph theory. Construct a graph of 2 – regular graph on 6 vertices.

b) Define Tautology, Using truth table, examine whether the following statement pattern is tautology, contradiction or contingency. [10]

$$(p \wedge \sim q) \leftrightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$$

Que 6) Write note on any Four of the following [20]

- i) Degree of a vertex
- ii) Cartesian product
- iii) Converse, inverse and contrapositive of a conditional statement
- iv) any Five types of matrices
- v) matrix representation of graph
- vi) operations on sets.